

12. Regular expressions

Overview

[Perl Compatible Regular Expressions](#) (PCRE) are supported in Zabbix.

There are two ways of using regular expressions in Zabbix:

- manually entering a regular expression
- using a global regular expression created in Zabbix

Regular expressions

You may manually enter a regular expression in supported places. Note that the expression may not start with @ because that symbol is used in Zabbix for referencing global regular expressions.

It's possible to run out of stack when using regular expressions. See the [pcrestack man page](#) for more information.

Note that in multi-line matching, the ^ and \$ anchors match at the beginning/end of each line respectively, instead of the beginning/end of the entire string.

Global regular expressions

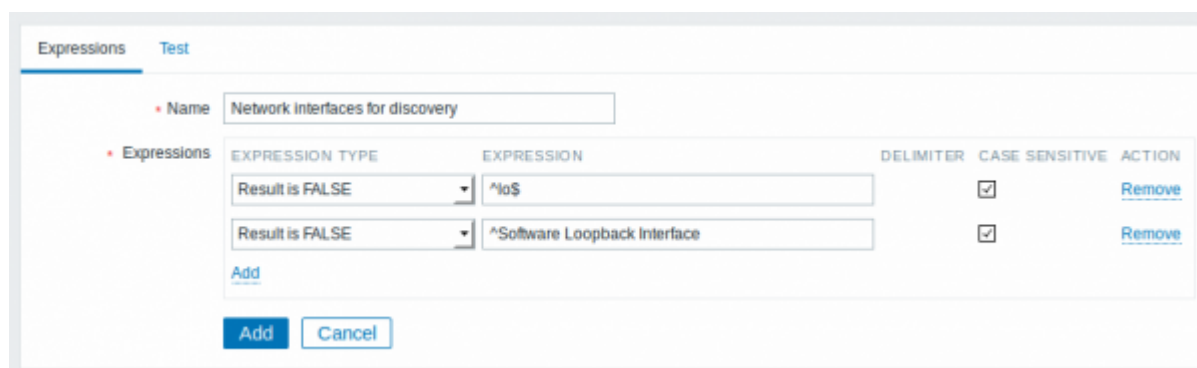
There is an advanced editor for creating and testing complex regular expressions in Zabbix frontend.

Once a regular expression has been created this way, it can be used in several places in the frontend by referring to its name, prefixed with @, for example, @mycustomregexp.

To create a global regular expression:

- Go to: *Administration* → *General*
- Select *Regular expressions* from the dropdown
- Click on *New regular expression*

The **Expressions** tab allows to set the regular expression name and add subexpressions.



All mandatory input fields are marked with a red asterisk.

Parameter	Description
Name	Set the regular expression name. Any Unicode characters are allowed.
Expressions	Click on <i>Add</i> in the Expressions block to add a new subexpression.
Expression type	Select expression type: Character string included - match the substring Any character string included - match any substring from a delimited list. The delimited list includes a comma (,), a dot (.) or a forward slash (/). Character string not included - match any string except the substring Result is TRUE - match the regular expression Result is FALSE - do not match the regular expression
Expression	Enter substring/regular expression.
Delimiter	A comma (,), a dot (.) or a forward slash (/) to separate text strings in a regular expression. This parameter is active only when "Any character string included" expression type is selected.
Case sensitive	A checkbox to specify whether a regular expression is sensitive to capitalization of letters.

Since Zabbix 2.4.0, a forward slash (/) in the expression is treated literally, rather than a delimiter. This way it is possible to save expressions containing a slash, whereas previously it would produce an error.

A custom regular expression name in Zabbix may contain commas, spaces, etc. In those cases where that may lead to misinterpretation when referencing (for example, a comma in the parameter of an item key) the whole reference may be put in quotes like this: "*@My custom regexp for purpose1, purpose2*".

Regular expression names must not be quoted in other locations (for example, in LLD rule properties).

Example

Use of the following regular expression in LLD to discover databases not taking into consideration a database with a specific name:

```
^TESTDATABASE$
```

Test string

TESTDATABASE

Test expressions

Result	Expression type	Expression	Result
	Result is FALSE	^TESTDATABASE	FALSE
	Combined result		FALSE

Chosen *Expression type*: "Result is FALSE". Doesn't match name, containing string "TESTDATABASE".

Example with an inline regex modifier

Use of the following regular expression including an inline modifier (?i) to match the characters "error":

(?i)error

Test string

Sometexthere1345Error1357

Test expressions

Result	Expression type	Expression	Result
	Result is TRUE	(?i)error	TRUE
	Combined result		TRUE

Chosen Expression type: "Result is TRUE". Characters "error" are matched.

Another example with an inline regex modifier

Use of the following regular expression including multiple inline modifiers to match the characters after a specific line:

(?<=match (?i)everything(?-i) after this line\n)(?sx).*# we add s modifier to allow . match newline characters

Test string

Some text here for your consideration
1235kfd345
match eveRything after this line
Continuation

Test expressions

Result	Expression type	Expression	Result
	Result is TRUE	(?<=match (?i)everything(?-i) after this line\n)(?sx).*# we add s modifier to allow . match newline characters	TRUE
	Combined result		TRUE

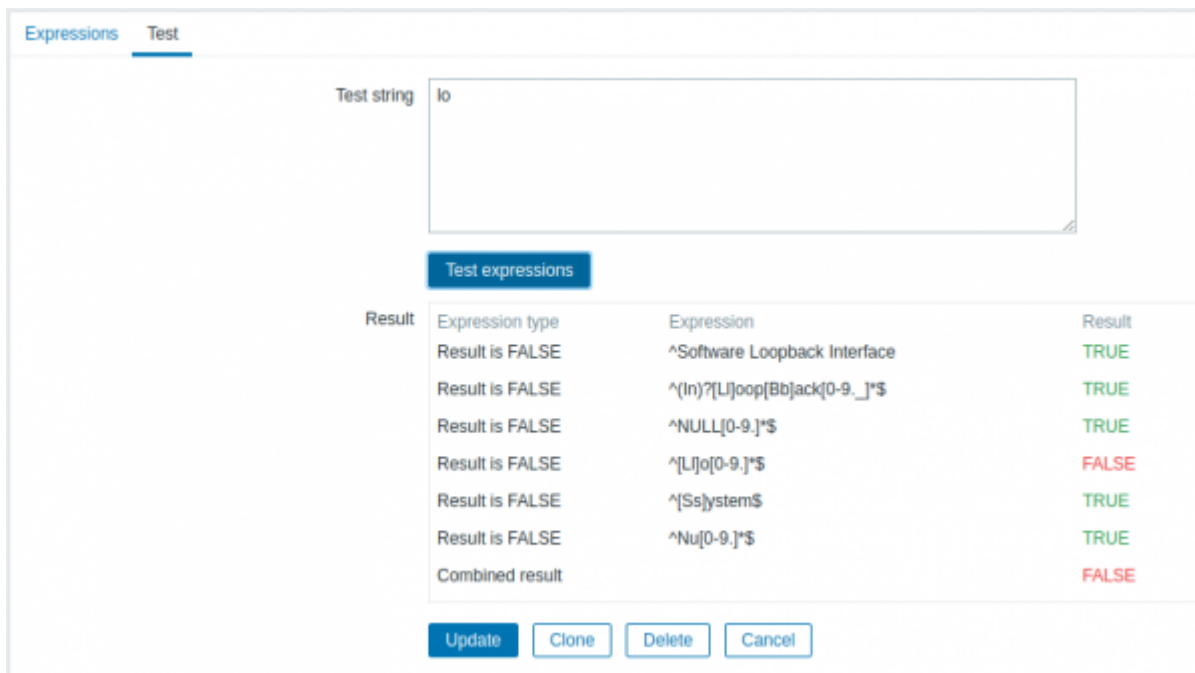
Chosen Expression type: "Result is TRUE". Characters after a specific line are matched.

g modifier can't be specified in line. The list of available modifiers can be found in [pcresyntax man page](#). For more information about PCRE syntax please refer to [PCRE HTML documentation](#).

More complex example

A custom regular expression may consist of multiple subexpressions, and it can be tested in the **Test**

tab by providing a test string.



Results show the status of each subexpression and total custom expression status.

Total custom expression status is defined as *Combined result*. If several sub expressions are defined Zabbix uses AND logical operator to calculate *Combined result*. It means that if at least one Result is False *Combined result* has also False status.

Explanation of global regular expressions

Global regexp	Expression	Description
File systems for discovery	^(btrfs ext2 ext3 ext4 jfs reiser xfs ffs ufs jfs jfs2 vxfs hfs refs apfs ntfs fat32 zfs)\$	Matches "btrfs" or "ext2" or "ext3" or "ext4" or "jfs" or "reiser" or "xfs" or "ffs" or "ufs" or "jfs" or "jfs2" or "vxfs" or "hfs" or "refs" or "apfs" or "ntfs" or "fat32" or "zfs"
Network interfaces for discovery	^Software Loopback Interface	Matches strings starting with "Software Loopback Interface"
	^lo\$	Matches "lo"
	^(In)?[Ll]oop[Bb]ack[0-9._]*\$	Matches strings that optionally start with "In", then have "L" or "l", then "oop", then "B" or "b", then "ack", which can be optionally followed by any number of digits, dots or underscores
	^NULL[0-9.]*\$	Matches strings starting with "NULL" optionally followed by any number of digits or dots
	^[Ll]o[0-9.]*\$	Matches strings starting with "Lo" or "lo" and optionally followed by any number of digits or dots
	^[Ss]ystem\$	Matches "System" or "system"
	^Nu[0-9.]*\$	Matches strings starting with "Nu" optionally followed by any number of digits or dots
Storage devices for SNMP discovery	^(Physical memory Virtual memory Memory buffers Cached memory Swap space)\$	Matches "Physical memory" or "Virtual memory" or "Memory buffers" or "Cached memory" or "Swap space"

Global regexp	Expression	Description
Windows service names for discovery	<code>^(MMCSS gupdate SysmonLog clr_optimization_v2.0.50727_32 clr_optimization_v4.0.30319_32)\$</code>	Matches "MMCSS" or "gupdate" or "SysmonLog" or strings like "clr_optimization_v2.0.50727_32" and "clr_optimization_v4.0.30319_32" where instead of dots you can put any character except newline.
Windows service startup states for discovery	<code>^(automatic automatic delayed)\$</code>	Matches "automatic" or "automatic delayed".

Regular expression support by location

Location	Regular expression	Global regular expression	Comments				
Agent items							
eventlog[] log[] log.count[] logrt[] logrt.count[] proc.cpu.util[] proc.mem[] proc.num[] sensor[] system.hw.macaddr[] system.sw.packages[] vfs.dir.count[] vfs.dir.size[] vfs.file.regexp[] vfs.file.regmatch[] web.page.regexp[]	Yes	Yes	regexp, severity, source, eventid parameters				
			regexp parameter				
			regexp parameter supports both, file_regexp parameter supports non-global expressions only				
		No	No	cmdline parameter			
				device and sensor parameters on Linux 2.4			
				interface parameter			
				package parameter			
				regex_incl and regex_excl parameters			
				regex_incl and regex_excl parameters			
				regexp parameter			
				SNMP traps			
				snmptrap[]	Yes	Yes	regexp parameter
				Item value preprocessing	Yes	No	pattern parameter
				Trigger functions			
count() logeventid() logsource() iregexp() regexp()	Yes	Yes	pattern parameter if operator parameter is <i>regexp</i> or <i>iregexp</i>				
			pattern parameter				
			Low-level discovery				
			Yes	Yes	Filter field		

Location	Regular expression	Global regular expression	Comments
Action conditions	Yes	No	In <i>matches</i> , does not match options for <i>Host name</i> and <i>Host metadata</i> auto-registration conditions
Web monitoring	Yes	No	<i>Variables</i> with a regex: prefix <i>Required string</i> field
Macro functions			
regsub()	Yes	No	pattern parameter
iregsub()			
Icon mapping	Yes	Yes	<i>Expression</i> field

From: <https://www.zabbix.com/documentation/current/> - **Zabbix Documentation 5.0**

Permanent link: https://www.zabbix.com/documentation/current/manual/regular_expressions?rev=1559309019

Last update: **2019/10/07 06:35**

