

7. IT services

Overview

IT services are intended for those who want to get a high-level (business) view of monitored infrastructure. In many cases, we are not interested in low-level details, like the lack of disk space, high processor load, etc. What we are interested in is the availability of service provided by our IT department. We can also be interested in identifying weak places of IT infrastructure, SLA of various IT services, the structure of existing IT infrastructure, and other information of a higher level.

Zabbix IT services provide answers to all mentioned questions.

IT services is a hierarchy representation of monitored data.

A very simple IT service structure may look like:

```
IT Service
|
|-Workstations
| |
| |-Workstation1
| |
| |-Workstation2
|
|-Servers
```

Each node of the structure has attribute status. The status is calculated and propagated to upper levels according to the selected algorithm. At the lowest level of IT services are triggers. The status of individual nodes is affected by the status of their triggers.

Note that triggers with a *Not classified* or *Information* severity do not impact SLA calculation.

Configuration

To configure IT services, go to: *Configuration* → *IT services*.

On this screen you can build a hierarchy of your monitored infrastructure. The highest-level parent service is 'root'. You can build your hierarchy downward by adding lower-level parent services and then individual nodes to them.

Service	Status calculation	Trigger
root		
SLA by service	Problem, if all children have problems	None
Server 1	Problem, if at least one child has a problem	None
Server 2	Problem, if at least one child has a problem	None
Server 3	Problem, if at least one child has a problem	None
Server 4	Problem, if at least one child has a problem	None
Add Service	Problem, if at least one child has a problem	None
Edit Service		
Delete Service		

Click on a service to add services to it or edit the service. A form is displayed where you can edit the service attributes.

Configuring an IT service

The **Service** tab contains general service attributes:

Service
Dependencies
Time

Name

Parent service Change

Status calculation algorithm

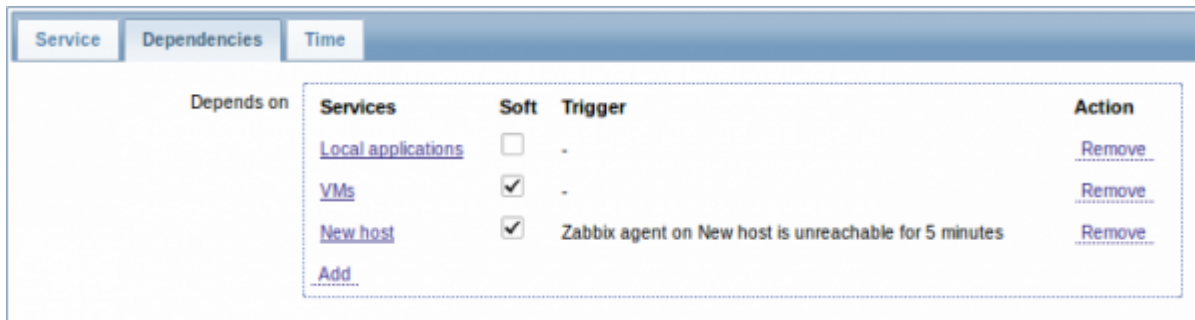
Calculate SLA, acceptable SLA (in %)

Trigger Select

Sort order (0->999)

Parameter	Description
Name	Service name.
Parent service	Parent service the service belongs to.
Status calculation algorithm	Method of calculating service status: Do not calculate - do not calculate service status Problem, if at least one child has a problem - problem status, if at least one child service has a problem Problem, if all children have problems - problem status, if all child services are having problems
Calculate SLA	Enable SLA calculation and display.
Acceptable SLA (in %)	SLA percentage that is acceptable for this service. Used for reporting.
Trigger	Linkage to trigger: None - no linkage trigger name - linked to the trigger, thus depends on the trigger status Services of the lowest level must be linked to triggers. (Otherwise their state will not be represented accurately.) When triggers are linked, their state prior to linking is not counted.
Sort order	Sort order for display, lowest comes first.

The **Dependencies** tab contains services the service depends on. Click on *Add* to add a service from those that are configured.

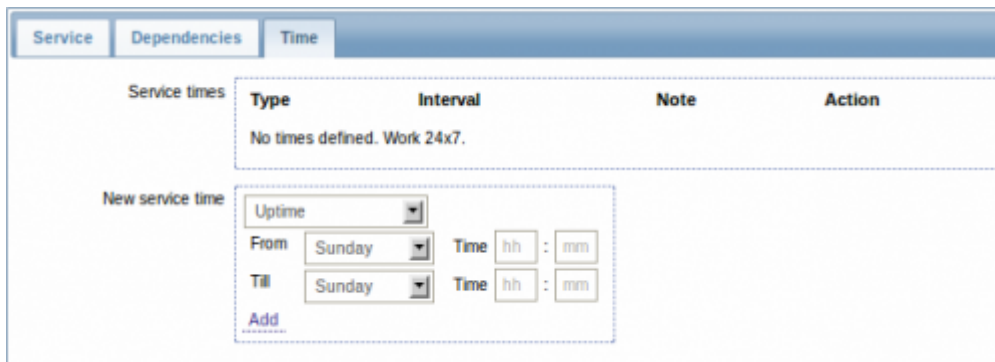


Hard and soft dependency

Availability of a service may depend on several other services, not just one. The first option is to add all those directly as child services.

However, if some service is already added somewhere else in the services tree, it cannot be simply moved out of there to a child service here. How to create a dependency on it? The answer is “soft” linking. Add the service and mark the *Soft* check box. That way the service can remain in its original location in the tree, yet be depended upon from several other services. Services that are “soft-linked” are displayed in grey in the tree. Additionally, if a service has only “soft” dependencies, it can be deleted directly, without deleting child services first.

The **Time** tab contains the service time specification.



Parameter	Description
<i>Service times</i>	By default, all services are expected to operate 24x7x365. If exceptions needed, add new service times.
<i>New service time</i>	Service times: Uptime - service uptime Downtime - service state within this period does not affect SLA. One-time downtime - a single downtime. Service state within this period does not affect SLA. Add the respective hours. <i>Note:</i> Service times affect only the service they are configured for. Thus, a parent service will not take into account the service time configured on a child service (unless a corresponding service time is configured on the parent service as well).

Display

To monitor IT services, go to [Monitoring -> IT services](#).

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